

Year 5 2024/25	Autumn Term 1+2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
	<b>Sustainability</b> <b>Year group focus for science week: water / biodiversity (our school pond)</b>				
	Caring for our planet → How does plastic waste contribute to climate change? Royal Society of Chemistry – Pollutants produced by chemical changes Page 1	Caring for our planet → How can we attract more living things to our school pond?  School pond (refilling water butts)		Caring for our planet → How can we protect marine habitats that are under threat? Royal Society of Chemistry – Biodiversity and habitats Page 2	
<b>Science</b>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Materials</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>compare and group together everyday materials on the basis of their properties, including their hardness, solubility, transparency, conductivity (electrical and thermal), and response to magnets</li> <li>know that some materials will dissolve in liquid to form a solution, and describe how to recover a substance from a solution</li> <li>use knowledge of solids, liquids and gases to decide how mixtures might be separated, including through filtering, sieving and evaporating</li> <li>give reasons, based on evidence from comparative and fair tests, for the particular uses of everyday materials, including metals, wood and plastic</li> <li>demonstrate that dissolving, mixing and changes of state are reversible changes</li> <li>explain that some changes result in the formation of new materials, and that this kind of change is not usually reversible, including changes</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Forces</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>explain that unsupported objects fall towards the Earth because of the force of gravity acting between the Earth and the falling object</li> <li>identify the effects of air resistance, water resistance and friction, that act between moving surfaces</li> <li>recognise that some mechanisms, including levers, pulleys and gears, allow a smaller force to have a greater effect.</li> </ul>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Living things and their habitats</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>describe the differences in the life cycles of a mammal, an amphibian, an insect and a bird</li> </ul> describe the life process of reproduction in some plants and animals.	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Animals inc Humans (PSHE)</b></p> Describe the changes as humans develop to old age.	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Earth and Space</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>describe the movement of the Earth, and other planets, relative to the Sun in the solar system</li> <li>describe the movement of the Moon relative to the Earth</li> <li>describe the Sun, Earth and Moon as approximately spherical bodies</li> <li>use the idea of the Earth's rotation to explain day and night and the apparent movement of the sun across the sky</li> </ul> <p style="color: green;">(Moon Diary in late Autumn Term)</p>

	associated with burning and the action of acid on bicarbonate of soda.				
<p><b>Working Scientifically</b>  <b>Red= must be done</b>  <b>Amber = this will be an easy link</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Select the most appropriate ways to answer science questions using different types of scientific enquiry, including observing changes over different periods of time, noticing patterns, grouping and classifying things, carrying out comparative and fair tests and finding things out using a wide range of secondary sources.</li> <li>• planning different types of scientific enquiries to answer questions, including recognising and controlling variables where necessary</li> <li>• taking measurements, using a range of scientific equipment, with increasing accuracy and precision, taking repeat readings when appropriate</li> <li>• recording data and results of increasing complexity using scientific diagrams and labels, classification keys, tables, scatter graphs, bar and line graphs</li> <li>• using test results to make predictions to set up further comparative and fair tests</li> <li>• reporting and presenting findings from enquiries, including conclusions, causal relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• . 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	<p>forms such as displays and other presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</li> </ul>	<p>results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</li> <li></li> </ul>	<p>relationships and explanations of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</li> </ul>	<p>of and degree of trust in results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</li> </ul>	<p>results, in oral and written forms such as displays and other presentations</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>identifying scientific evidence that has been used to support or refute ideas or arguments.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Enquiry types</b> Red= that enquiry type MUST be done linked to the subject knowledge aspect but the other enquiry types can be chosen to suit investigations</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>observing changes over different periods of time,</li> <li>noticing patterns,</li> <li>grouping and classifying things,</li> <li>carrying out comparative and fair tests</li> <li>and finding things out using a wide range of secondary sources.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>observing changes over different periods of time,</li> <li>noticing patterns,</li> <li>grouping and classifying things,</li> <li>carrying out comparative and fair tests</li> <li>finding things out using a wide range of secondary sources.</li> <li></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>observing changes over different periods of time,</li> <li>noticing patterns,</li> <li>grouping and classifying things,</li> <li>carrying out comparative and fair tests</li> <li>and finding things out using a wide range of secondary sources</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>observing changes over different periods of time,</li> <li>noticing patterns,</li> <li>grouping and classifying things,</li> <li>carrying out comparative and fair tests</li> <li>and finding things out using a wide range of secondary sources.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>observing changes over different periods of time,</li> <li>noticing patterns,</li> <li>grouping and classifying things,</li> <li>carrying out comparative and fair tests</li> <li>and finding things out using a wide range of secondary sources</li> </ul>
<p><b>WS ongoing</b></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ask their own questions about scientific phenomena</li> <li>Draw conclusions based on their data and observations, use evidence to justify their ideas, and use their scientific knowledge and understanding to explain their findings.</li> </ul>				